

**CONFERENCE BOOK OF
ABSTRACT PROCEEDING**



**Venue: Osaka International Convention Center
Osaka, Japan,
Date: September 27-28, 2017**

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Book of Abstracts Proceedings

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Osaka, Japan | September 27-28, 2017

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CONFERENCE TRACKS

- Social and Community Studies
- Arts
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- Agricultural sciences
- Interdisciplinary



CONFERENCE CHAIR MESSAGE

Dr. Vincent

“International Conference of Akademika Nusa Internasional ” is a platform that thrives to support the worldwide scholarly community to analyze the role played by the multidisciplinary innovations for the betterment of human societies. It also encourages academicians, practitioners, scientists, and scholars from various disciplines to come together and share their ideas about how they can make all the disciplines interact in an innovative way and to sort out the way to minimize the effect of challenges faced by the society. All the research work presented in this conference is truly exceptional, promising, and effective. These researches are designed to target the challenges that are faced by various sub-domains of the social sciences, business and economics, applied sciences, engineering and technology, health and medical sciences.

I would like to thank our honorable scientific and review committee for giving their precious time to the review process covering the papers presented in this conference. I am also highly obliged to the participants for being a part of our efforts to promote knowledge sharing and learning. We as scholars make an integral part of the leading educated class of the society that is responsible for benefitting the society with their knowledge. Let’s get over all sorts of discrimination and take a look at the wider picture. Let’s work together for the welfare of humanity for making the world a harmonious place to live and making it flourish in every aspect. Stay blessed.

Thank you.

Dr. Vincent

Conference Chair

Email: Conferencechair.ani@gmail.com



CONFERENCE SECHDULE

ANISSH-AF-2017

Venue: Osaka International Convention Center

Time: Registration & Kit Distribution (09:00 - 09:30 am)

Day: Wednesday

Date: September 27, 2017

Venue: Room 1

09:30 am - 09:40 am	Introduction of Participants
09:40 am - 09:50 am	Inauguration and Opening address
09:50 am - 10:00 am	Grand Networking Session

Tea/Coffee Break (10:00 - 10:30 am)



DAY 01 Wednesday (September 27, 2017)

Presentation Session (10:30 am - 12:30 pm)

Venue: Room 1

Session Chair: Dr. Vincent

Track A: Engineering, Technology & Applied Sciences

Presenter Name	Manuscript Title	Paper ID
T. Kritsana	Simulation Study of Effect of Split-Type Air Conditioner on Influence of Outside Temperature and Air Velocity	OKE-597-101
T. Boonluang	The Effect of Thread Pitch Sizes and Materials of Rocket Connector on Ejecting Force during Rocket Ignition Period	OKE-597-102

Track B: Medical, Medicine and Health Sciences

Devi Azura	The Awareness to Decreasing the Number of Cancer for Generation Based on Study of the Risk Factors of Cancer by the Previous Generation	OKM-597-101
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Track C: Business, Economics, Social Sciences and Humanities

Kevin S.Y. Tan	Foreign Bodies, Local Spaces: Women as Transnational labour in Singapore's sex worker industry at Geylang	O-97-107
Shih Hsu Wangn	Application of Fuzzy Evaluation and Related Analysis Technology to Evaluate the Tourism Infrastructure Required by the Nation	O-97-108
Preechaya Nakfon	The Process Evaluation of Implementing the Guidelines for Thailand's Reform of Law and the Justice Process	O-97-110
Diana Kartika	Analysis of Apologies Speech Act in Japanese and English: Contrastive Pragmatics	O-97-106

Lunch & Ending Note :(12:30pm - 1:30 pm)



Participants Registered As Listener/ Observer

The following Scholars/ practitioners who don't have any paper presentation, however they will attending the conference as delegates & observers.

Official ID: OKS-597-101A
Suwanee Surasiengsunk
Chulalongkorn University Phatumwan , Bangkok Thailand

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Khon Kaen University Thailand.

Official ID: IRBEMSH-097-ANI105A
Miss. Patra Phamornsiniapatham
Khon Kaen University Thailand.



Conference Day 02 (September 28, 2017)

Second day of conference will be specified for touristy. Relevant expenses are borne by Individual him/herself.



TRACK A

Business, Economics, Social Sciences and Humanities



Analysis of Apologies Speech Act in Japanese and English: Contrastive Pragmatics

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Keywords: Apologies in Japanese, Apologies in English, Analysis Contrastive

In everyday life, humans when interacting with others often misunderstands, misunderstand or other mistakes, whether intentional or not. In the event of such a thing, the person making the mistake usually apologizes. Apologies in Japanese and English have different ways of delivering. Between Japanese and English there is no cultural linkage but there are similarities between them, namely the expression of apology "sumimasen" in Japanese and "Sorry" in English. Both languages when translated have the same meaning. But of course there is a difference. This study uses a corpus-based approach to check the variation of apology strategies used in Japanese and English, and then analyzed. This study aims to analyze and compare apologies in Japanese and English. The purpose of this study is not only to compare apologies but also to study their contextual use.

Foreign Bodies, Local Spaces: Women as Transnational labour in Singapore's sex worker industry at Geylang

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Keywords: Singapore, Geylang, Transnational, Sex Worker, Migration

This article seeks to provide a critical examination of Singapore's largest and most well-known red-light district, better known to locals as Geylang. Situated on the fringe of the city centre, the area is home to several hundred state-licensed transient female sex workers who are drawn from neighbouring countries within the Southeast Asian region and beyond. In recent years, they include persons from Malaysia, Thailand, China and more recently, Vietnam. Housed within ageing semi-detached buildings serving as brothels along numerous lorongs (a local term for streets) that line the side of Geylang Road, they represent the mainstay of Singapore's legalized sex worker industry. As a result, the urban development or renewal of the Geylang district and its inhabited spaces have, over the years, also been inevitably affected by its close association with such an industry. At the same time, these women engaging in sex work form an invisible part of Singapore's transnational labour workforce, often reflecting the gendered social-cultural and economic inequalities within the societies they originated from. Their work, therefore, share many parallels with foreign workmen in Singapore who engage in low wage menial labour, because of the highly visceral and corporeal nature of their work, where they literally put their bodies on the line. Like their male counterparts, they are seen as engaging in what is regarded as the 3-Ds (dirty, dangerous and demeaning) of transnational migrant labour that form part of low-end globalization. Nonetheless, this article seeks to provide a more nuanced and balanced perspective by attempting to transcend polemical views that either stereotypically portray them as victims of exploitation or perpetrators of moral hazards.

Application of Fuzzy Evaluation and Related Analysis Technology to Evaluate the Tourism Infrastructure Required by the Nation

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Keywords: Travel & Tourism Competitiveness, Infrastructure, Double-L Fuzzy Model, Association Rules, Investment Strategy

The key to the sustainable development of the tourism industry lies in guaranteeing national attractions for international tourists; however, with the rise of tourism attractions in each country, the changeless quantity in the tourism source market, diverse options in tourism attractions, and other factors have caused fierce competition in the international tourist market. Therefore, prior to discussion and formulation of national tourism development policy, the factors affecting international tourists attractions must be first understood, and the performance difference in the different factors between Taiwan and other countries should be evaluated. In this way, effective tourism industry investment and development can be established. Based on the World Economic Forums 2015 report on tourism competitiveness and the Double-L fuzzy model, this research puts forward a competitiveness index, which can predict the output value of the national tourism industry, and then, uses Related Analysis Technology to establish various tourism output levels and national positive rules (should learn from it) and negative rules (should break away from it). Lastly, this study puts forward the performance differences of various rules, which are analyzed to discuss the main production elements of the tourism industry in Taiwan, and offers suggestions for investment priorities and the order of national tourism infrastructure, as well as short, medium, and long-term quantitative development goals. The results show that the model in this research can understand the important associated rules regarding national tourism development, as well as the establishment of an investment strategy map for the national tourism infrastructure. Thus, policy-makers can understand: (1) the main sources of the output values of various tourism countries; (2) learn the follow up rules from high-output-value countries; (3) learn to break rules from low-output-value countries, and (4) significant correlation and no correlation items of tourism outputs, as well as the entry threshold of high output value and invalid indicators. This research result can be used as reference for the government to discuss and formulate national tourism industrial development and investment strategies; in addition, the results can assist in selecting the learning objects for national tourism policy.

The Process Evaluation of Implementing the Guidelines for Thailand's Reform of Law and the Justice Process

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Keywords: Process, Evaluation, Justice, Process Reform

The purposes of this research is to evaluate the process of implementing the guidelines for Thailand's reform of law and the justice process. The author aimed to conduct a process evaluation of the LJRC during the period in office (6 October 2014 - 6 September 2015), in the following three key issues: 1) Perceptions and points of view about the LJRC's roles; 2) The LJRC's operational guidelines. Including attitudes towards, and satisfaction with, the LJRC's operations (from the LJRC itself, as well as persons or agencies from the outside). In addition, the LJRC's proposals were compared with those of other agencies or institutions, in order to identify their linkage and consistency. In this study, the qualitative research technique was primarily utilized. Data collection in this research consisted of: (1) Document resources and (2) In-depth interview involved six LJRC members. The conclusion of the evaluation will be presented in the following two parts: 1) Results of process evaluation - All LJRC members who were informants shared a similar perception of their roles as persons who collect and develop reform-related proposals. They compared themselves to the governments academics.. It was found that each step of the LJRC's operations focused on meetings and mutual agreements, which were usually derived from its members personal opinions. And 2) Linkage between the reform proposals from the LJRC and those from other agencies - There were two common issues identified in the LJRC's Proposal and proposals by other agencies: legal reform and reform of the structure and administration of agencies in the justice process. With regards to the evaluation of the LJRC's implementation by the logic model was utilized to analyze the relationship between four key elements of the implementation of the policy or guidelines for Thailand reform, in the case of law and the justice system reveal that, the NRC's implementation of the Guidelines for the Reform of Law and the Justice Process lacked a design of operational processes with systematic linkages in each element. In addition, the aforementioned limitations to the operations caused the guideline implementation to fail to achieve a proposal that was comprehensive and consistent with the country's actual problems with law and the justice process. The limitations resulted in the Proposal failing to serve as a complete approach to achieve changes in law and the justice process as expected by society. Recommendations for driving the reform of law and the justice process are - 1) Design of clear mechanisms for the proposal preparation; 2) Evaluation and prioritization of the reform proposals; 3) Appointment of academics or an academic team to serve as technical advisors to the practitioner; 4) Establishment of a mechanism for tangibly linking work of the NRSA with the operations of government agencies; and 5) Establishment of an agency responsible for collecting and preparing a database on national reform proposals.

TRACK B
ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, COMPUTER, BASIC AND
APPLIED SCIENCES



Simulation Study of Effect of Split-Type Air Conditioner on Influence of Outside Temperature and Air Velocity

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Keywords: Split-Type Air Conditioner, Outside Temperature, Air Velocity

This study was aimed to investigate the effect of 2.93 kW split-type air conditioner on Energy consumption rate (ECR), Total heat transfer capability, Coefficient of performance (COP), and Energy efficiency ratio (EER) utilizing MATLAB version 10.0. The input parameters were ranged from 20 to 45C in case of outside temperature and from 1 to 4 m/s in case of air velocity. The simulation results revealed that when outside temperature was increased 1C, energy consumption rate of split-type air conditioner was also increased 1.25% by average. Total heat transfer capability of condenser was reduced 0.33% by average but total heat transfer capability of evaporator did not change. COP of condenser and evaporator were reduced 1.58% and 1.26% by average respectively. The energy efficiency ratio was reduced 1.26% by average. When air velocity was increased, energy consumption rate of split-type air conditioner was reduced, however, the total heat transfer capability of condenser and evaporator, coefficient of performance, and energy efficiency ratio were increased. It was concluded that outside temperatures and air velocities played an essential role to performance of the air condition system.

The Effect of Thread Pitch Sizes and Materials of Rocket Connector on Ejecting Force during Rocket Ignition Period

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Keywords: Ejecting Force Analysis, Explicit Dynamic, Effect of Thread Pitch Sizes, Rocket Connector

The objective of this research was to investigate ejecting force caused by rocket ignition which internal pressure was increased rapidly at that time. Thread pitch size and connector material were selected as the main parameters. Computational analysis with explicit dynamic technique was done to study ejecting characteristics of connector during rocket ignition period. Moreover, the ejecting experiment at static state of connector was also performed and compared the output with previous computational result in order to estimate effective magnification factor. The threaded connector with various pitch sizes i.e. 1.0, 1.5, and 2.0 mm with engagement length 7.5 mm and the materials used consisted of PA66-GF30, HDPE, PC, ABS, PU, Nylon and PVC were identified for this investigation. The simulation results and static ejecting experiment obtained that the estimated magnification factor (static load amplification due to static force) is 18.44 in case of PA66-GF30 with pitch size 1.5 mm. In addition, from simulation result, the ejecting force of connector was proportional to pitch sizes of thread and yield strength of materials. This research was also constructed the relationship equation of pitch size and yield strength to estimate ejecting force of rocket connector choosing a suitable design corresponding to the rockets thrust profile.



TRACK C

MEDICAL, MEDICINE AND HEALTH SCIENCE



The Awareness to Decreasing the Number of Cancer for Generation Based on Study of the Risk Factors of Cancer by the Previous Generation

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Keywords: Cancer, Risk Factors of Cancer, Healthy, Generation

The purpose of this study is to determine the risk of exposure to cancer that occurs in generations Y and Z, and how prevention efforts for the next generation (generation) could be taken. The cancer sufferers are increasing in generation Y and it is predicted that this situation will occur more frequently in the next generation. WHO (World Health Organization) data reported that cancer is the second leading cause of death globally and accounted for 8.8 million death in 2015. It was estimated that 1.221.800 persons will have been diagnosed with invasive cancer in 1999 United States , and over 1.500 persons per day (or over 563.100 Americans) will have died in 1999 from various manifestations of cancer (Landis et al., 1999). While in 2012, more than 70 % deaths will have died in Africa, Asia, and U.S.A because of various cancer. There are several risk factors of cancer, including carcinogenic factors and lifestyle factors. A cross sectional study with a total of 100 Indonesian undergraduate students was conducted. The research instruments were questionnaires containing information about their lifestyle (Daily Habits). The research, which consisted of 70 % female and 30% male, shed light on our bad lifestyle such as : rarely exercising (78 %) , eating junk food on regular basis (65%) , eating Sate (small pieces of meat roasted on skewer) more than once a month (51%), and using gadgets every day more than 5 hours a day (85%). Using gadgets every day for long periods can increase the intensity of radio-wave radiation exposure received by the body. Meanwhile the habit of unhealthy diets such as fast food and physical inactivity can increase the risk of diseases such as cancer. Moreover consumption Sate too often is not good for health as these types of food contain Aromatic Polycyclic Hydrocarbon (PAH) and Heterocyclic Amino (HCA) which can be very dangerous for the body. it is concluded that the role of families, government are vital to minimize the number of deaths caused by cancer in the generation after gen-Z. The family has an internal role in helping to change healthy lifestyles, while the government has an external role to support the role of families in minimizing cancer

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Outstanding Contributions of individuals and organizations and also
Develop an Effective and Responsible Platform by Creating Insightful Knowledge
and Inspiring minds in Dialogue with the World Around us.**



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